Addendum to Culturally and Linguistically Appropriate Services (CLAS) Section of RFP for Purpose of Documenting Title VI Compliance

All DHHS bidders are required to complete the following two (2) steps as part of their proposal:

- (1) Perform an individualized organizational assessment, using the four-factor analysis, to determine the extent of language assistance to provide for programs, services and/or activities; and;
- (2) Taking into account the outcome of the four-factor analysis, respond to the questions below.

Background:

Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and its implementing regulations provide that no person shall be subjected to discrimination on the basis of race, color, or national origin under any program that receives Federal financial assistance. The courts have held that national origin discrimination includes discrimination on the basis of limited English proficiency. Any organization or individual that receives Federal financial assistance, through either a grant, contract, or subcontract is a covered entity under Title VI. Examples of covered entities include the NH Department of Health and Human Services and its contractors.

Covered entities are required to take <u>reasonable steps</u> to ensure **meaningful access** by persons with limited English proficiency (LEP) to their programs and activities. LEP persons are those with a limited ability to speak, read, write or understand English.

The **key** to ensuring meaningful access by LEP persons is effective communication. An agency or provider can ensure effective communication by developing and implementing a language assistance program that includes policies and procedures for identifying and assessing the language needs of its LEP clients/applicants, and that provides for an array of language assistance options, notice to LEP persons of the right to receive language assistance free of charge, training of staff, periodic monitoring of the program, and translation of certain written materials.

The Office for Civil Rights (OCR) is the federal agency responsible for enforcing Title VI. OCR recognizes that covered entities vary in size, the number of LEP clients needing assistance, and the nature of the services provided. Accordingly, covered entities have some flexibility in how they address the needs of their LEP clients. (In other words, it is understood that one size language assistance program does not fit all covered entities.)

The **starting point** for covered entities to determine the extent of their obligation to provide LEP services is to apply a four-factor analysis to their organization. It is important to understand that the flexibility afforded in addressing the needs of LEP clients **does not diminish** the obligation covered entities have to address those needs.

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Examples of practices that may violate Title VI include:

- Limiting participation in a program or activity due to a person's limited English proficiency;
- Providing services to LEP persons that are more limited in scope or are lower in quality than those provided to other persons (such as then there is no qualified interpretation provided);
- Failing to inform LEP persons of the right to receive free interpreter services and/or requiring LEP persons to provide their own interpreter;
- Subjecting LEP persons to unreasonable delays in the delivery of services.

BIDDER STEP #1 – Individualized Assessment Using Four-Factor Analysis

The four-factor analysis helps an organization determine the right mix of services to provide to their LEP clients. The right mix of services is based upon an individualized assessment, involving the balancing of the following four factors.

- (1) The **number** or proportion of LEP persons served or likely to be encountered in the population that is eligible for the program;
- (2) The **frequency** with which LEP individuals come in contact with the program, activity or service;
- (3) The **importance** or impact of the contact upon the lives of the person(s) served by the program, activity or service;
- (4) The **resources** available to the organization to provide effective language assistance.

This appendix was created to facilitate bidders' application of the four-factor analysis to the services they provide. At this stage, bidders are not required to submit their four-factor analysis as part of their proposal. However, successful bidders will be required to submit a detailed description of the language assistance services they will provide to LEP persons to ensure meaningful access to their programs and/or services, within 10 days of the date the contract is approved by Governor and Council. For further guidance, please see the Bidder's Reference for Completing the Culturally and Linguistically Appropriate Services (CLAS) Section of the RFP, which is available in the Vendor/RFP Section of the DHHS website:

http://www.dhhs.nh.gov/business/index.htm

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Important Items to Consider When Evaluating the Four Factors.

Factor #1 The number or proportion of LEP persons served or encountered in the population that is eligible for the program.

Considerations:

- The eligible population is specific to the program, activity or service. It includes LEP persons serviced by the program, as well as those directly affected by the program, activity or service.
- Organizations are required <u>not only</u> to examine data on LEP persons served by their program, but also those in the community who are *eligible* for the program (but who are not currently served or participating in the program due to existing language barriers).
- Relevant data sources may include information collected by program staff, as well as external data, such as the latest Census Reports.
- Recipients are required to apply this analysis to each language in the service area.
 When considering the number or proportion of LEP individuals in a service area,
 recipients should consider whether the minor children their programs serve have LEP
 parent(s) or guardian(s) with whom the recipient may need to interact. It is also important
 to consider language minority populations that are eligible for the programs or services,
 but are not currently served or participating in the program, due to existing language
 barriers.
- An effective means of determining the number of LEP persons served is to record the preferred languages of people who have day-to-day contact with the program.
- It is important to remember that the *focus* of the analysis is on the lack of English proficiency, not the ability to speak more than one language.

Factor #2: The frequency with which LEP individuals come in contact with the program, activity or service.

- The more frequently a recipient entity has contact with individuals in a particular language group, the more likely that language assistance in that language is needed. For example, the steps that are reasonable for a recipient that serves an LEP person on a one-time basis will be very different from those that are expected from a recipient that serves LEP persons daily.
- Even recipients that serve people from a particular language group infrequently or on an unpredictable basis should use this four-factor analysis to determine what to do if an LEP person seeks services from their program.
- The resulting plan may be as simple as being prepared to use a telephone interpreter service.
- The key is to have a plan in place.

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Factor #3 The importance or impact of the contact upon the lives of the person(s) served by the program, activity or service.

- The more important a recipient's activity, program or service, or the greater the possible consequence of the contact to the LEP persons, the more likely language services are needed.
- When considering this factor, the recipient should determine both the importance, as well as the urgency of the service. For example, if the communication is both important and urgent (such as the need to communicate information about an emergency medical procedure), it is more likely that immediate language services are required. If the information to be communicated is important but not urgent (such as the need to communicate information about elective surgery, where delay will not have any adverse impact on the patient's health), it is likely that language services are required, but that such services can be delayed for a reasonable length of time.

Factor #4 The resources available to the organization to provide effective language assistance.

- A recipient's level of resources and the costs of providing language assistance services is another factor to consider in the analysis.
- Remember, however, that cost is merely one factor in the analysis. Level of resources and costs do not diminish the requirement to address the need, however they may be considered in determining how the need is addressed;
- Resources and cost issues can often be reduced, for example, by sharing language
 assistance materials and services among recipients. Therefore, recipients should
 carefully explore the most cost-effective means of delivering quality language services
 prior to limiting services due to resource limitations.

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BIDDER STEP #2 - Required Questions Relating to Language Assistance Measures

Taking into account the four-factor analysis, please answer the following questions in the six areas of the table below. (**Do not** attempt to answer the questions until you have completed the four-factor analysis.) The Department understands that your responses will depend on the outcome of the four-factor analysis. The requirement to provide language assistance does not vary, but the measures taken to provide the assistance will necessarily differ from organization to organization.

1. IDENTIFICATION OF LEP PERSONS SERVED OR LIKELY TO BE ENC	OUNTERE	D IN
YOUR PROGRAM		
a. Do you make an effort to identify LEP persons served in your	Yes	No
program?		
(One way to identify LEP persons served in your program is to collect data		
on ethnicity, race, and/or preferred language.)		
b. Do you make an effort to identify LEP persons likely to be	Yes	No
encountered in the population eligible for your program or service?		
(One way to identify LEP persons likely to be encountered is by examining		
external data sources, such as Census data)		
c. Does you make an effort to use data to identify new and emerging		
population or community needs?	Yes	No
2. NOTICE OF AVAILABILITY OF LANGUAGE ASSISTANCE		
Do you inform all applicants / clients of their right to receive language	Yes	No
/ communication assistance services at no cost?		
(Or, do you have procedures in place to notify LEP applicants / clients		
of their right to receive assistance, if needed?)		
Example: One way to notify clients about the availability of language		
assistance is through the use of an "I Speak" card.		
3. STAFF TRAINING		
Do you provide training to personnel at all levels of your organization	Yes	No
on federal civil rights laws compliance and the procedures for		
providing language assistance to LEP persons, if needed?		

4. PROVISION OF LANGUAGE ASSISTANCE			
Do you provide language assistance to LEP persons, free of charge,		Yes	
in a timely manner?			
(Or, do you have procedures in place to provide language assistance			
to LEP persons, if needed)			
In general, covered entities are required to provide two types of language			
assistance: (1) oral interpretation and (2) translation of written materials.			
Oral interpretation may be carried out by contracted in-person or remote			
interpreters, and/or bi-lingual staff.			
(Examples of written materials you may need to translate include vital			
documents such as consent forms and statements of rights.)			
5. ENSURING COMPETENCY OF INTERPRETERS USED IN PROGRAM	AND T	1E	
ACCURACY OF TRANSLATED MATERIALS	\/	NIa	
a. Do you make effort to assess the language fluency of all interpreters used in your program to determine their level of	Yes	No	
competence in their specific field of service?			
(Note: A way to fulfill this requirement is to use certified interpreters only.)			
b. As a general rule, does your organization avoid the use of family	Yes	No	
members, friends, and other untested individual to provide	163	INO	
interpretation services?			
interpretation services:			
c. Does your organization have a policy and procedure in place to	Yes	No	
handle client requests to use a family member, friend, or other			
untested individual to provide interpretation services?			
d. Do you make an effort to verify the accuracy of any translated	Yes	No	N/A
materials used in your program (or use only professionally certified	103	140	14/7
translators)?			
(Note: Depending on the outcome of the four-factor analysis, N/A (Not			
applicable) may be an acceptable response to this question.			
6. MONITORING OF SERVICES PROVIDED			
Does you make an effort to periodically evaluate the effectiveness of any	Ye	s	No
language assistance services provided, and make modifications, as			
needed?			
If there is a designated staff member who carries out the evaluation	Ye	s	No
function?			
If so, please provide the person's title:			
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By signing and submitting this attachment to RFP#_ affirms that it:		, the Contractor
 Has completed the four-factor analysis as part of response to the above referenced RFP. Understands that Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of reasonable steps to ensure meaningful access to and/or activities offered by my organization. Understands that, if selected, the Contractor will be of the language assistance services it will provide access to programs and/or services, within 10 da Governor and Council. 	1964 requires the Con all LEP persons to all be required to submit a to LEP persons to ens	tractor to take programs, services, detailed description ure meaningful
Contractor/Vendor Signature	Contractor's Repre	sentative Name/Title
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